

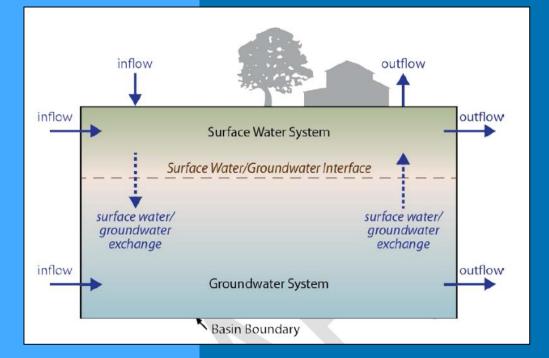
ESJ Informational Meeting – Water Budget November 7, 2018



Water Budget

What is a Water Budget?



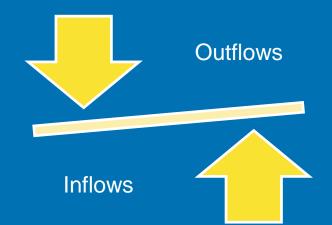


A Water Budget is an accounting of the total groundwater and surface water entering and leaving a groundwater basin.

A Water Budget Operates like a Bank Account

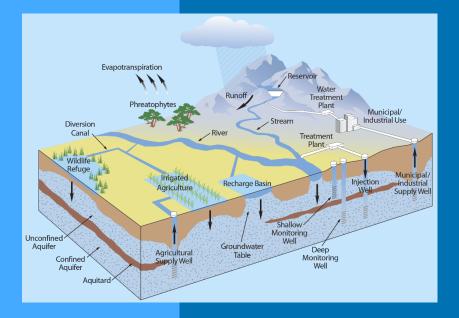


Inflows (supplies) and outflows (demands) are tracked and compared over time to identify change in amount of water stored.



Water Budgets Quantify the Movement of Water





A Water Budget takes into account the storage and movement of water between the four physical systems of the hydrologic cycle:

- Atmospheric system
- Land surface system
- River and stream system
- Groundwater system

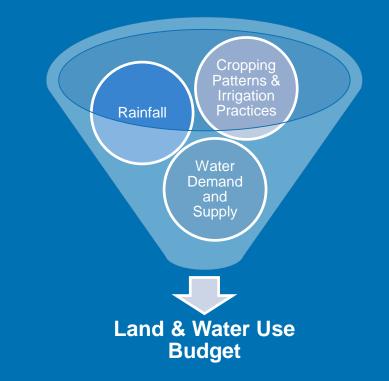
Why are Water Budgets Important?



- "You can't manage what you don't measure"
- A series of ongoing negative balances can result in long-term conditions of overdraft (the ESJ Subbasin is currently classified as "critically overdrafted")
- Carefully calculated Water Budgets increase the likelihood that planned projects and management actions will achieve the intended outcome within the intended timeframe

The Water Budget for the ESJ GSP Pulls Combines Land and Water Use





Water Budget Time Frames



Historical Water Budget

Uses historical information for temperature, precipitation, water year type, and land use going back a minimum of 10 years.

Current Conditions Baseline

Uses the most recent data on population, land use, temperature, year type, and hydrologic conditions projected out over 50 years of hydrology.

Projected Water Budget

Uses estimated future population growth, land use changes, climate change, and sea level rise projected out over 50 years of hydrology.

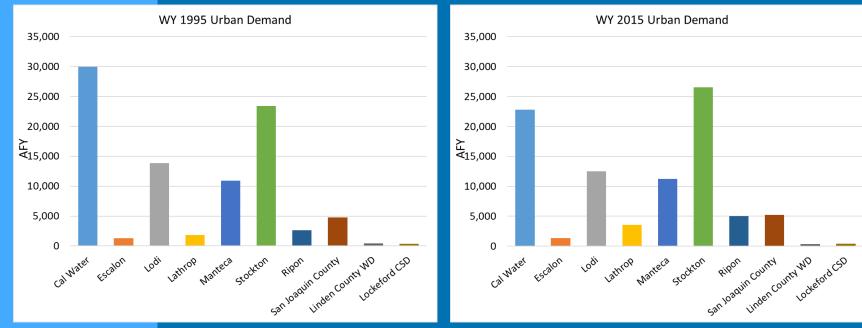
Water Demands are Based on Urban and Agricultural Water Use Estimates



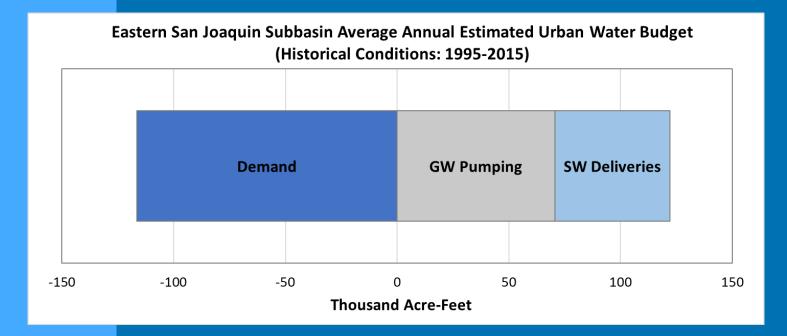
- Urban water use based on:
 - Population
 - Water Use Per Person
 - Agency projections
- Agricultural water use based on
 - Crop type and acreage
 - Soil conditions
 - Irrigation practices
 - Hydrogeology and climate

Urban Water Demand: Changes in Use Over Time



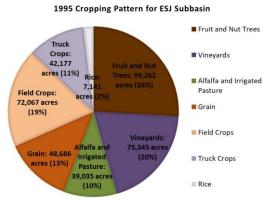


Historical Simulation: Estimated Annual Urban L&WU Budget

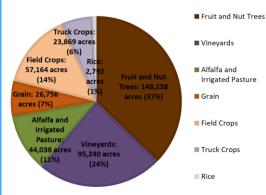


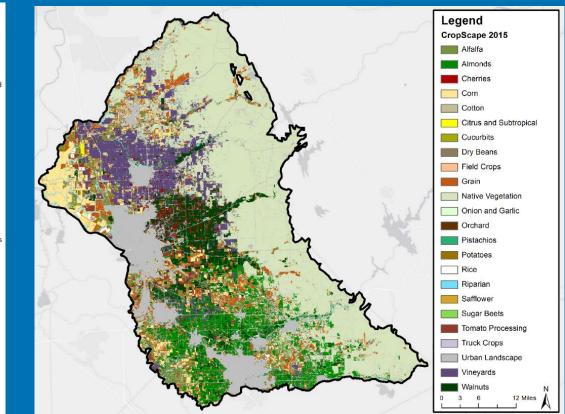
Historical Agricultural Water Demand: Changes in Crop Type Over Time





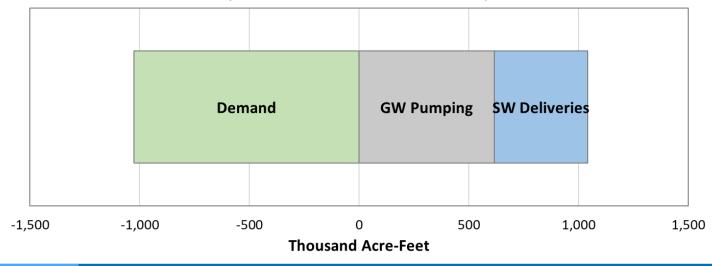
2015 Cropping Patttern for ESJ Subbasin





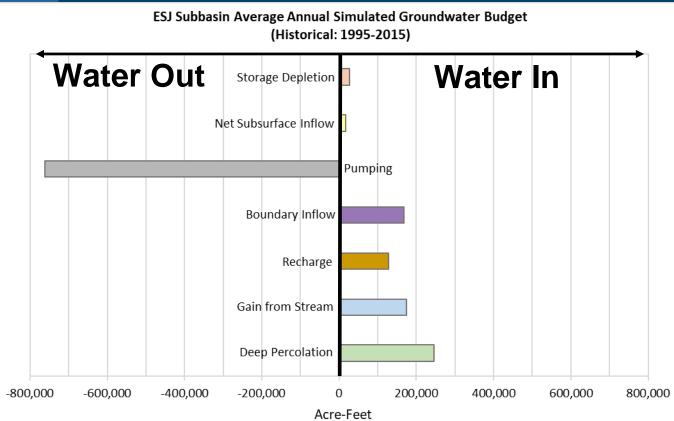
Historical Simulation: Estimated Annual Agricultural L&WU Budget

Eastern San Joaquin Subbasin Average Annual Estimated Agricultural Water Budget (Historical Conditions: 1995-2015)



Historical Simulation: Estimated Annual Groundwater Budget





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Current Conditions Baseline: Urban L&WU Budget

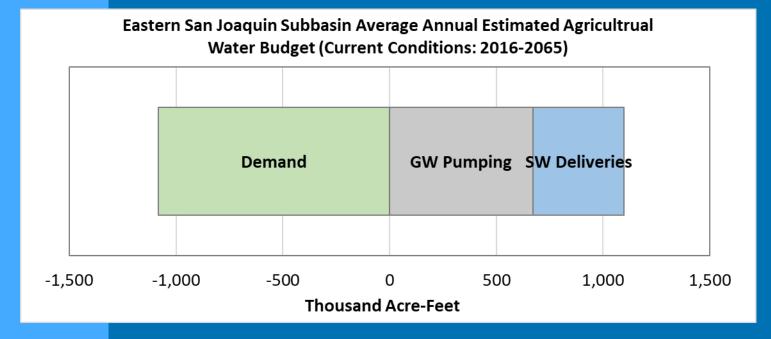


Water Budget (Current Conditons: 2016-2065) SW Deliveries Demand **GW Pumping** -150 -100 -50 0 50 100 150 **Thousand Acre-Feet**

Eastern San Joaquin Subbasin Average Annual Estimated Agricultural

Current Conditions Baseline: Agricultural L&WU Budget





Current Condition Baseline: Groundwater Budget

-900,000

-700,000

-500.000



ESJ Subbasin Average Annual Simulated Groundwater Budget (Current Condtions: 50 Years) Change in Storage Net Subsurface Inflow Pumping Boundary Inflow Recharge Gain from Stream

Acre-Feet

100.000

300.000

500.000

700.000

Deep Percolation

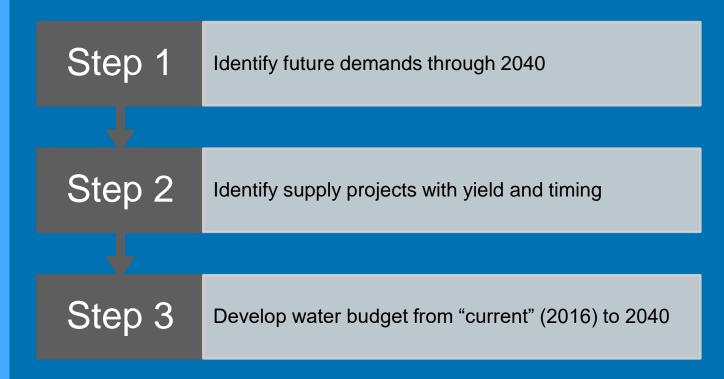
-100.000

-300.000

900.000

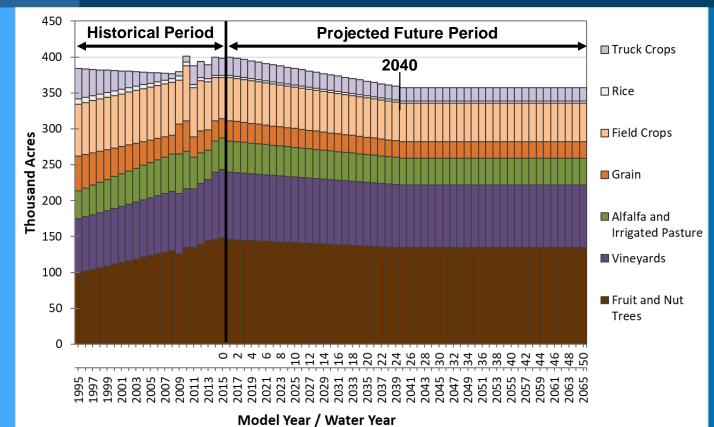
Projected Water Budget Approach





Projected Future Conditions: Land Use and Cropping Patterns

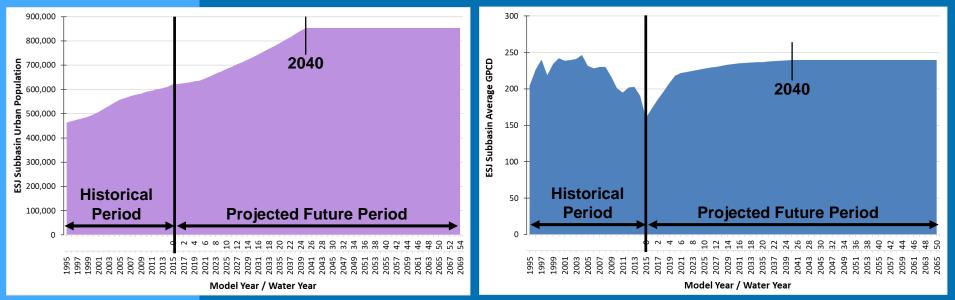




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Projected Future Conditions: Estimated Population and Water Use

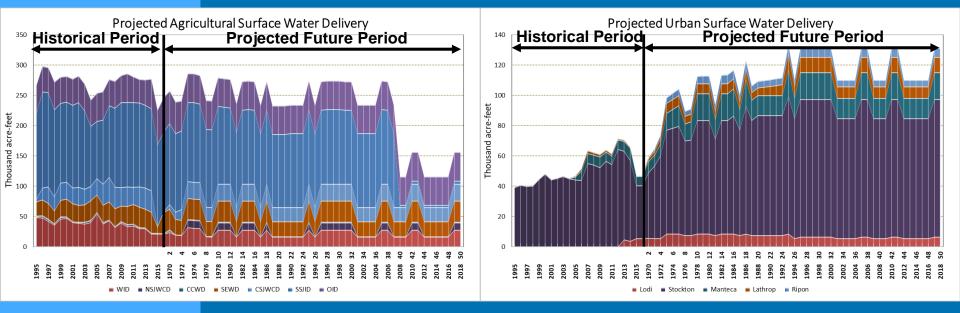




*GPCD = gallons per capita per day

Projected Future Conditions: Estimated Surface Water Deliveries







Water Resources Model

Water Resources Model





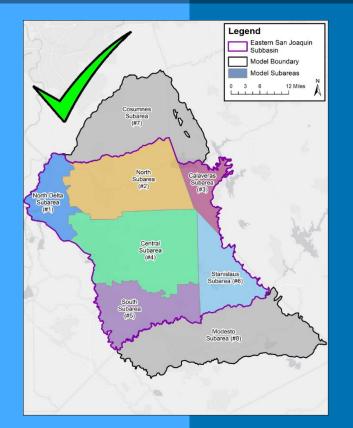
Over the past decades, agencies in the Eastern San Joaquin Subbasin have worked together to build, calibrate, validate, and refine an integrated surface- and groundwater model that serves as a robust and defensible analytical tool to support GSP development.

ESJWRM

Eastern San Joaquin Water Resources Model

The Model Was Approved for Use by the Groundwater Authority Board of Directors

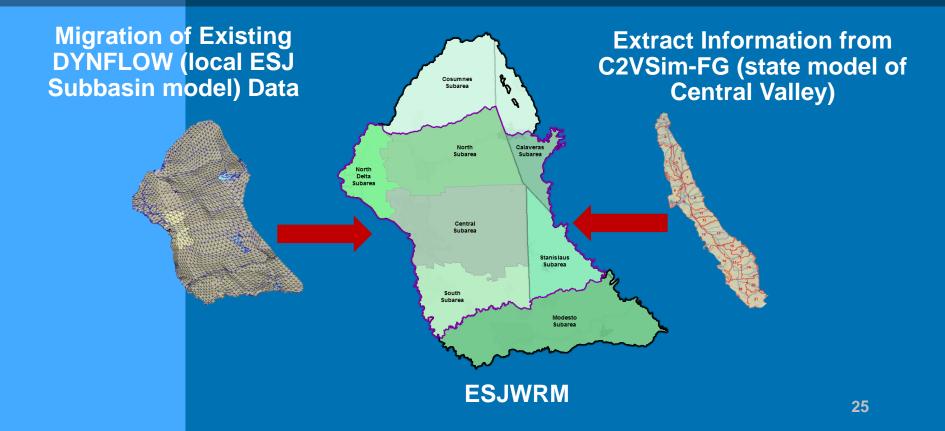




During the May 9, 2018 Groundwater Authority Board meeting, the Board voted to approve the use of the model in the GSP development process.

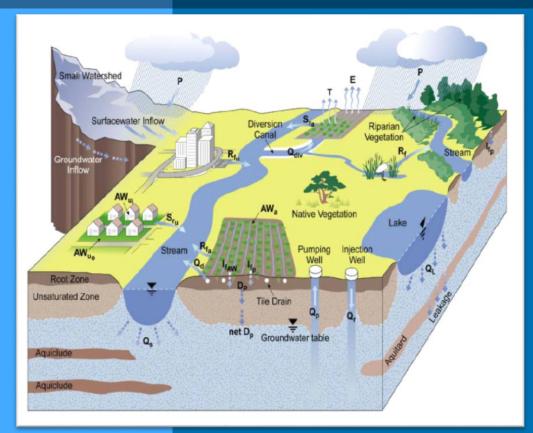
The Model will be used to develop the Water Budget and evaluate Projects and Management Actions. The Model was Developed Based on an Existing DWR Modeling Platform and Local/Statewide Datasets



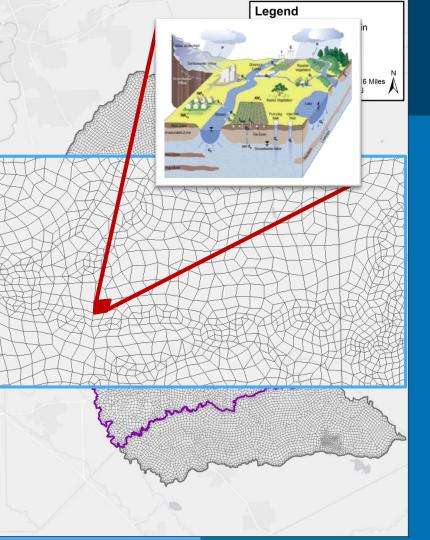


The Model Captures the Interplay Between Integrated Hydrologic Processes





Land Surface Processes **Groundwater Flow** Streamflow **Physical Systems Integration** Water Budgets



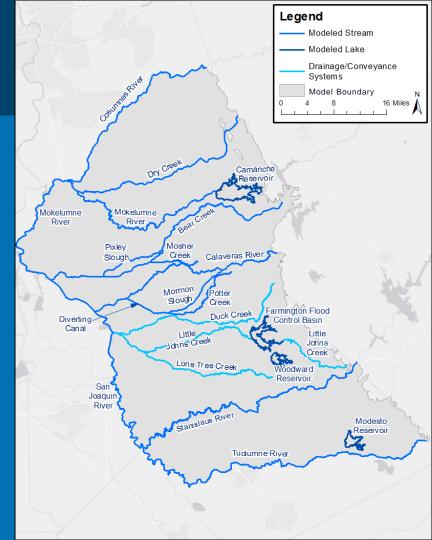


Hydrologic and Hydrogeologic Computations are Performed at Model Grid Elements and Nodes

- Model Grid
 - 16,054 elements
 - Average Area: 76.5 acres
 - 15,302 nodes
 - Node Spacing:
 - Across Model Area: 0.37 mile
 - Along the Rivers/Water Courses: 0.28 miles

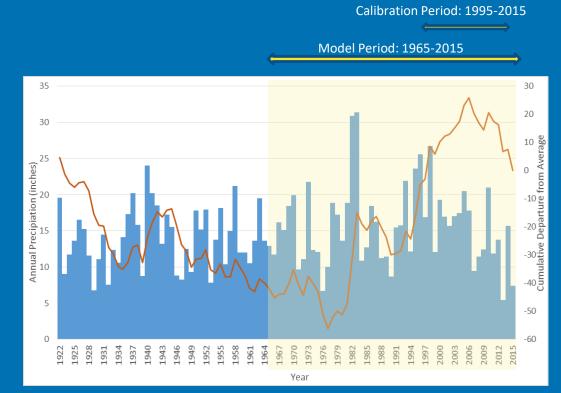
The Model Simulates Major Surface Water Features

Streamflow and surface water diversions are simulated, as well as groundwater-surface water interactions



The Model was Built Using Data Going Back to 1922

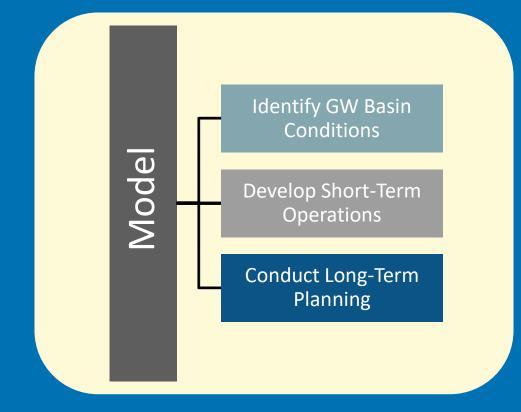


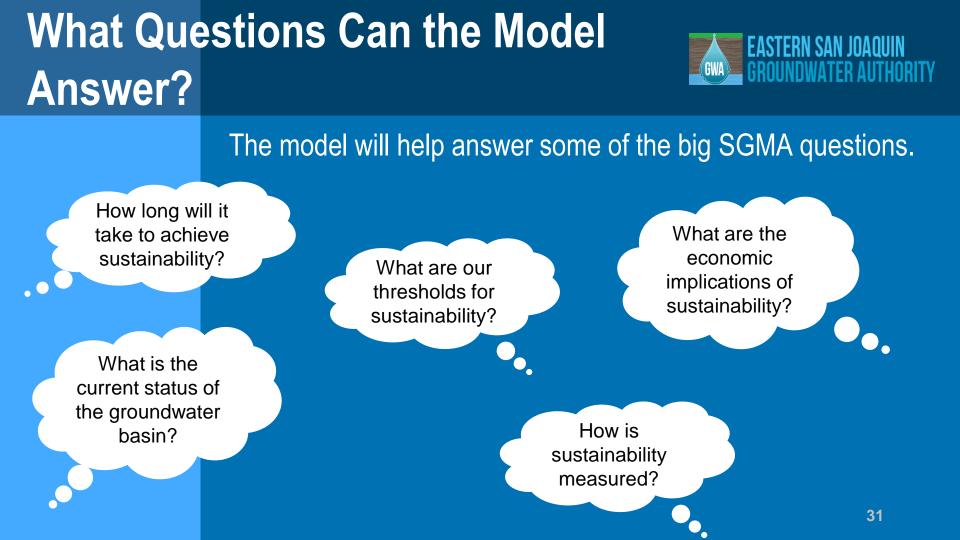


*Source: PRISM (Parameter elevation Regression on Independent Slopes Model)

How Will the Model be Used?









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